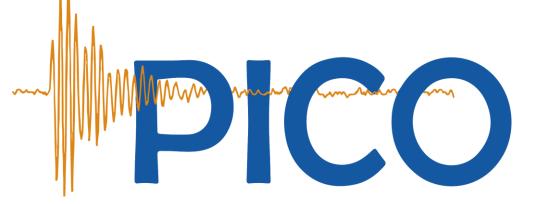


Introduction to PICO

William Woodley 24 May 2019



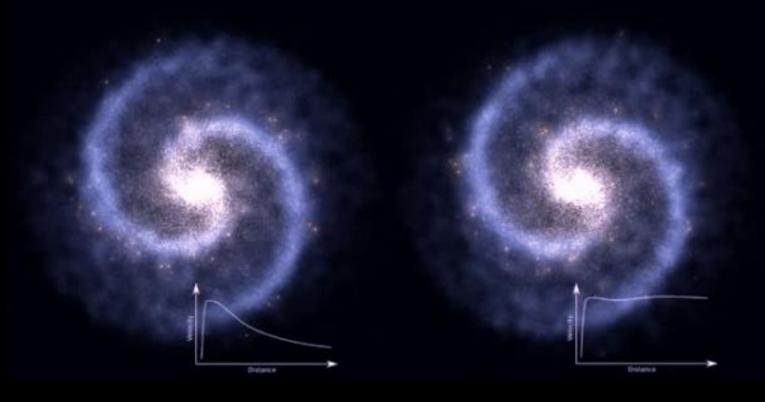
Dark Matter

- Although evidence of dark matter exists, dark matter has not been found yet
- WIMPs: Weakly-Interacting Massive Particles
 - Weakly-interacting
 - Massive
 - Neutral
 - Non-relativistic
 - Non-baryonic
 - Non-Standard Model particles

Dark Matter

• In 1979, Vera Rubin observed that stars at the edges of galaxies had rotational speed greater than expected

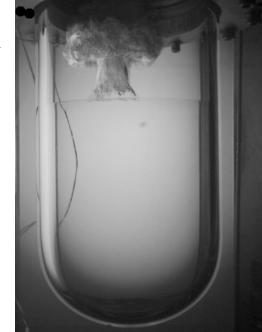
$$F_{G} = \frac{Gm_{1}m_{2}}{r^{2}} = \frac{v_{rot}^{2}m_{2}}{r}$$
$$v_{rot} = \sqrt{\frac{Gm_{1}}{r}}$$



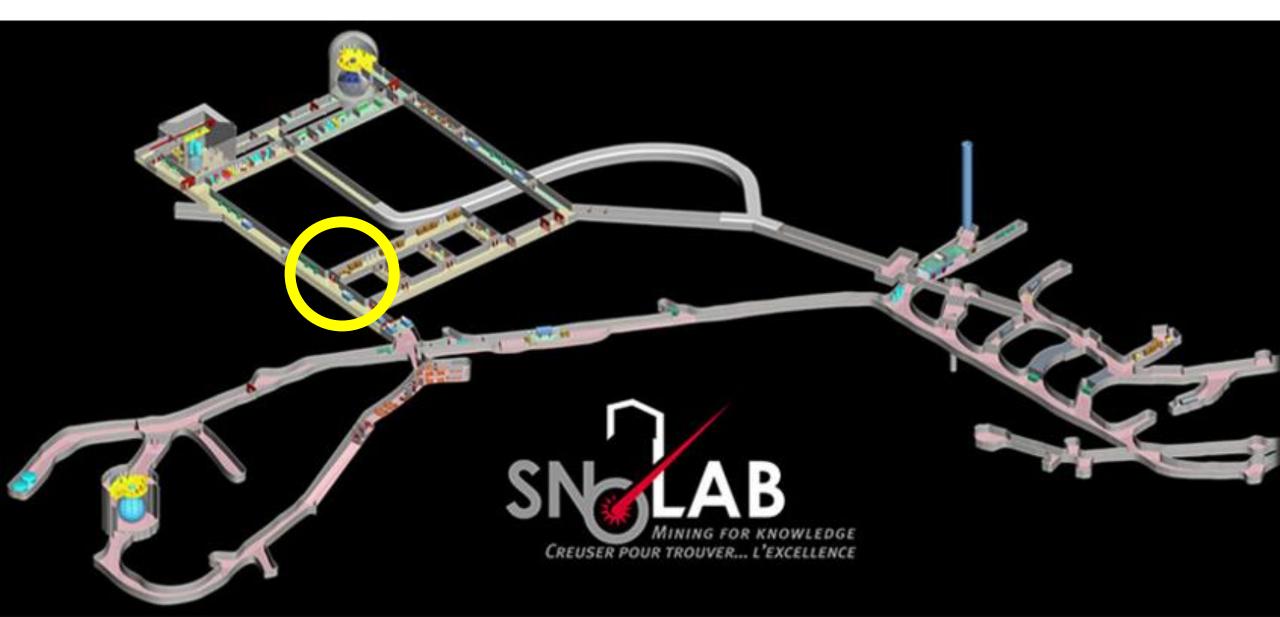
The PICO Collaboration

- **PICO** is a combination of:
 - PICASSO: Project In CAnada to Search for Supersymmetric Objects (superheated droplets dispersed in polymerized gel)
 - COUPP: Chicagoland Observatory for Underground Particle Physics (bubble chamber)
- PICO is located at SNOLAB





The PICO Collaboration







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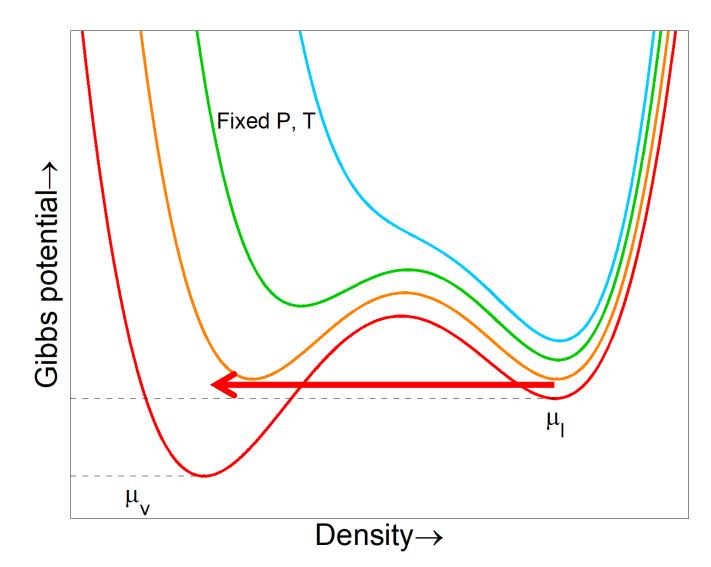
Bubble Chambers

- PICO searches for dark matter directly using superheated bubble chamber technology
- Bubble chambers were invented in 1952 by Donald Glaser
- Last bubble chamber, before COUPP, was used in the 1960s

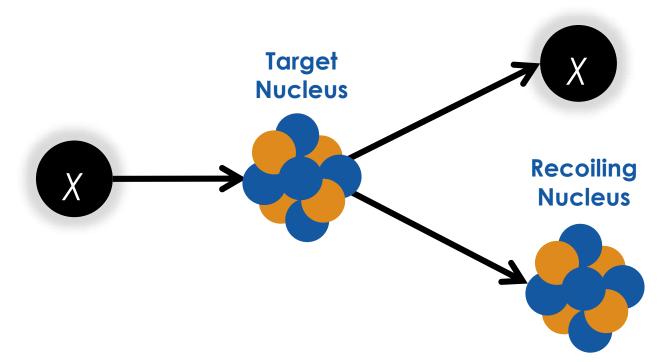


Detection Principle

- Vessel filled with superheated liquid (a metastable state)
- As particles pass through the superheated liquid, they lose energy
- Depending on the amount of energy, this can cause the liquid to boil, which creates bubbles

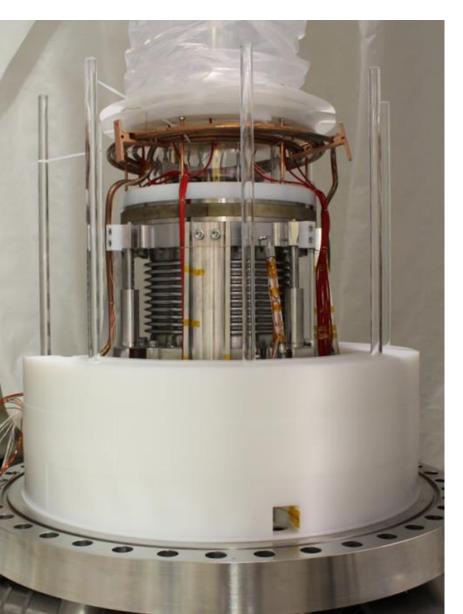


Dark Matter Direct Detection



- When a dark matter particle hits a nucleus, it will cause the nucleus to recoil at very low energies (1-100 keV)
- The nuclear recoil will cause nucleation

PICO Bubble Chambers



• Filled with C_3F_8

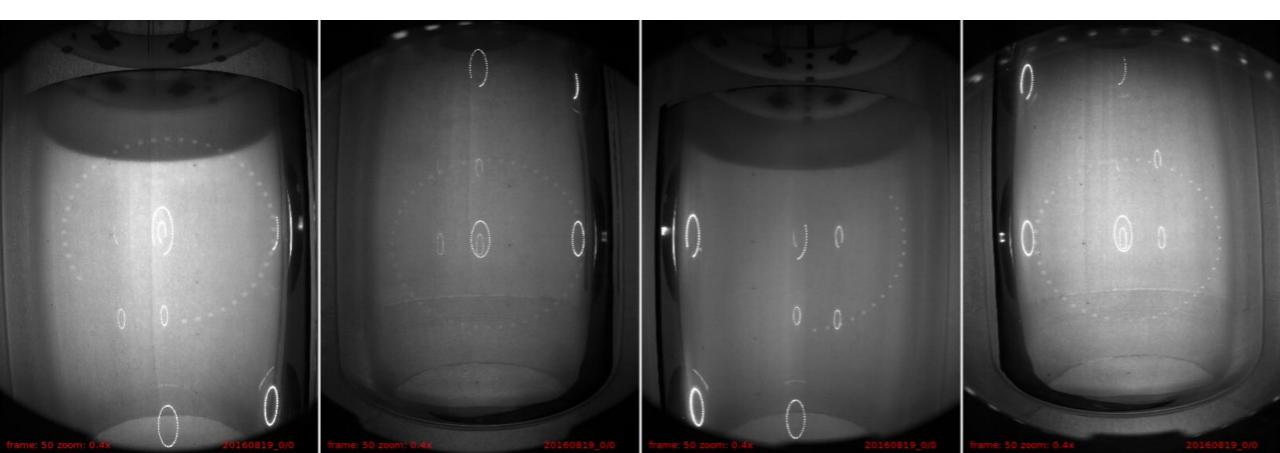
- Temperature and pressure can be controlled using a hydraulic system
- After a bubble is detected, pressure system is used to compress and collapse the bubble, then C_3F_8 is put back into an active state after expansion

Advantages of PICO Bubble Chambers

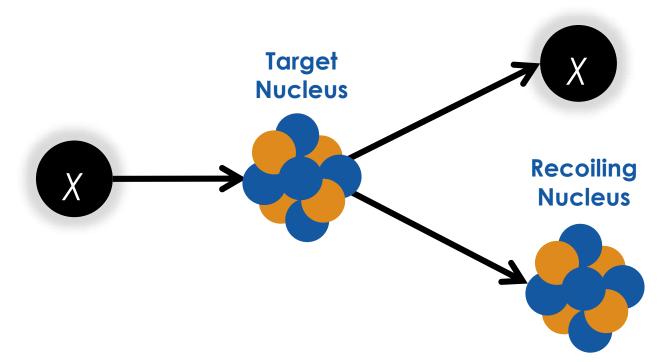
- Threshold detector
- Insensitivity to gammas at the threshold we operate at
- Acoustic discrimination between events from alpha particles and neutrons
- Multiple neutron scattering makes it easy to reject neutron events

Event Detection

- Bubbles are observed with four cameras
- Trigger when bubbles reach a certain size

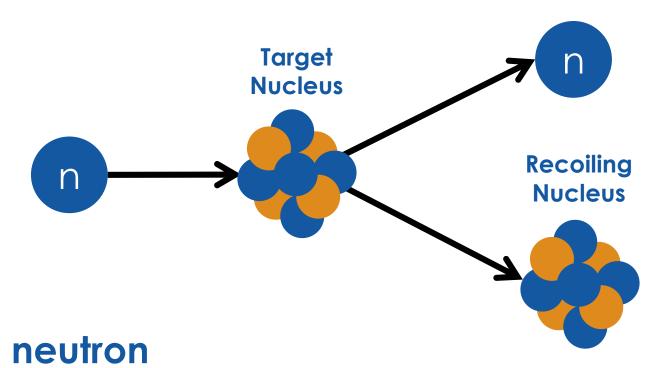


Dark Matter Direct Detection



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Dark Matter Direct Detection

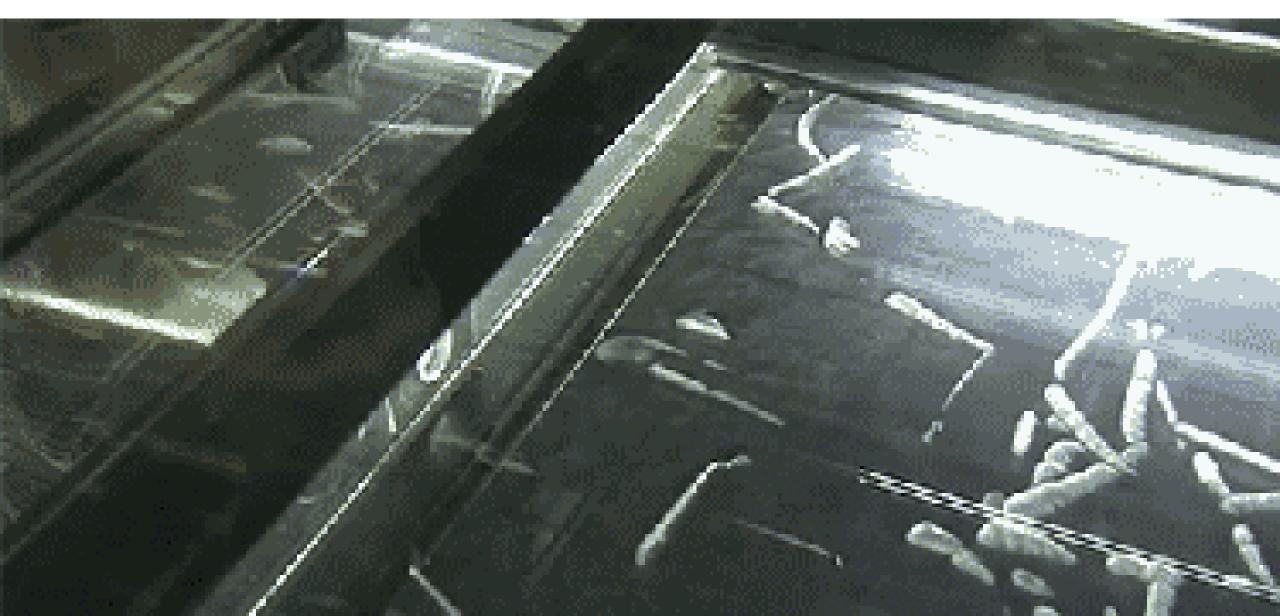


- When a dark matter particle hits a nucleus, it will cause the nucleus to recoil at very low energies (1-100 keV)
- The nuclear recoil will cause nucleation

Main Backgrounds

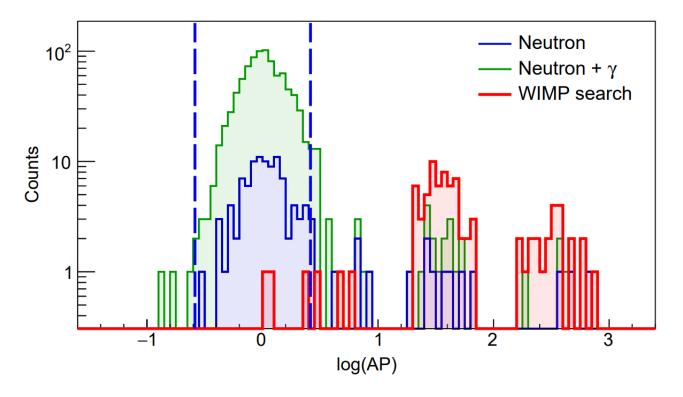
- Muons from cosmic rays
 - Build detector underground, beneath 2 km of norite rock
- Neutrons
 - Surround detector with a tank of water
- Alpha particles from ²³⁸U and ²³²Th
 - Purification and screening to ensure low-radioactivity
 - ²²²Rn ($t_{\frac{1}{2}}$ = 3.8 days) can diffuse into many materials
 - Techniques are being explored here to mitigate radon

Main Backgrounds

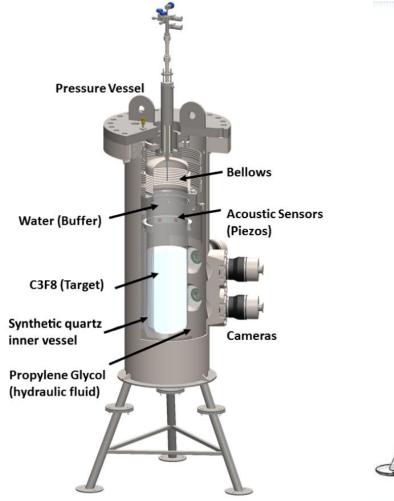


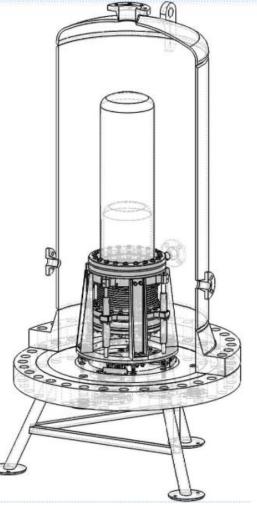
Acoustic Discrimination

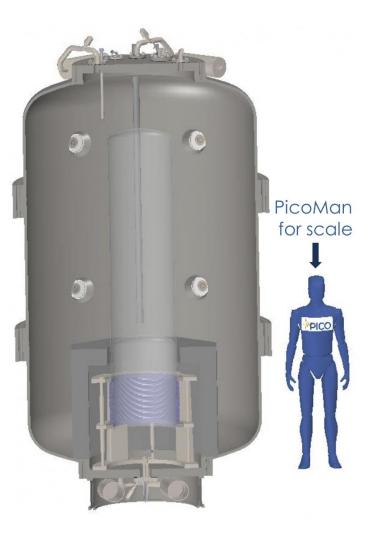
- Bubbles produce sound, and alpha events sound louder than neutron events
- PICASSO discovered they can be discriminated with **A**coustic **P**arameter
- Install piezoelectric detectors around the vessel



PICO Bubble Chambers







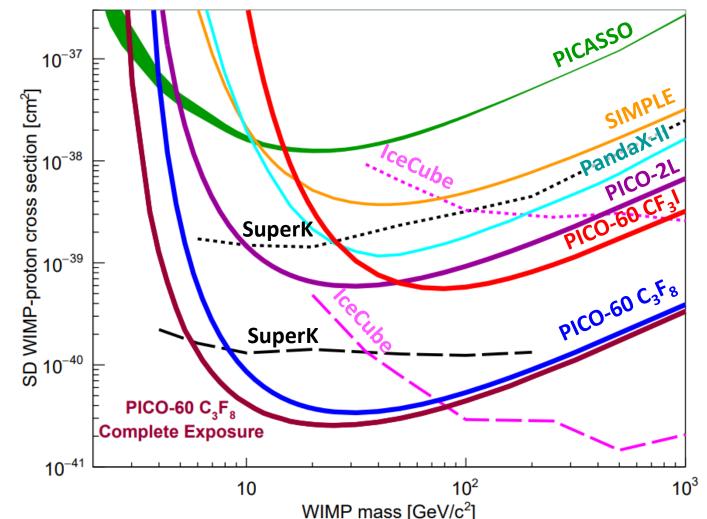
PICO-60

PICO-40L

PICO-500

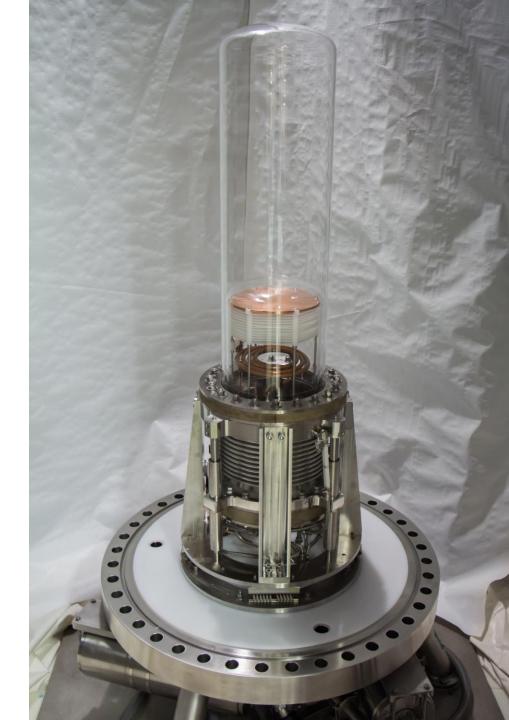
PICO-60: Most Recent Results

- C. Arnole *et al.* (2019). arXiv:1902.04031
- Presented as exclusion curve since dark matter has not yet been found:
 - Above = Excluded
 - Below = WIMP parameter space



PICO-40L

- Currently being assembled
- New design: right-side-up, to prevent particles from entering the liquid from above
- Will help with design of the nextgeneration detector, PICO-500



PICO-40L Assembly

- Retroreflector
- Cold flange / spider
- Inner thermal tower / vessel
- Outer cooling coil
- Piezos
- Insulation tower
- Pressure vessel lift
- Cameras
- Leak check





PICO-500 Plans

- Currently being designed
- •~260L of C_3F_8
- Assembly will begin next year
- Installed in SNOLAB Cube Hall, where MiniCLEAN currently is

PICO-500 Plans



Local Work



- Scott Fallows: Analysis, cameras, publications
- Sumanta Pal: Alberta test chamber
- Clayton Coutu: Multi-bubble event reconstruction
- Noel Alberto Cruz-Venegaz: Alberta test chamber
- William Woodley: Background simulations
- Tetiana Kozynets: Molecular dynamics simulations
- Shawn Miller: PICO-500 vessel seal design
- **Biswajit Biswas:** Machine learning for bubble finding
- Led by Profs. Carsten Krauss and Marie-Cécile Piro

Local Work



- PICO-500 simulations:
 - Muon propagation from atmosphere to underground
 - External neutron background
 - Internal neutron background
 - Alpha background
- Expect ~10⁻⁵ alpha events per hour, corresponding to one event every 2-6 years

Thank you