## MUTE: A Modern Calculation for Deep Underground and Underwater Muons

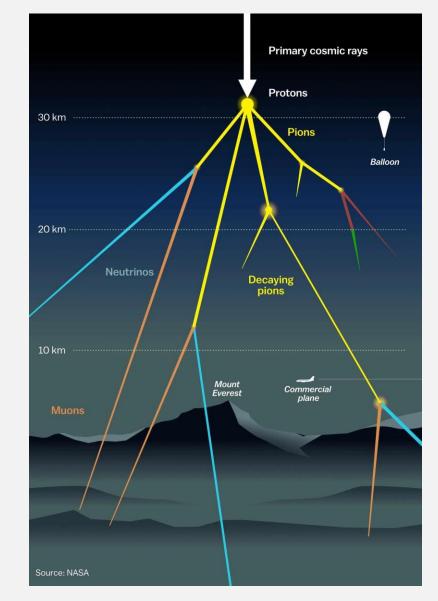
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# INTRODUCTION

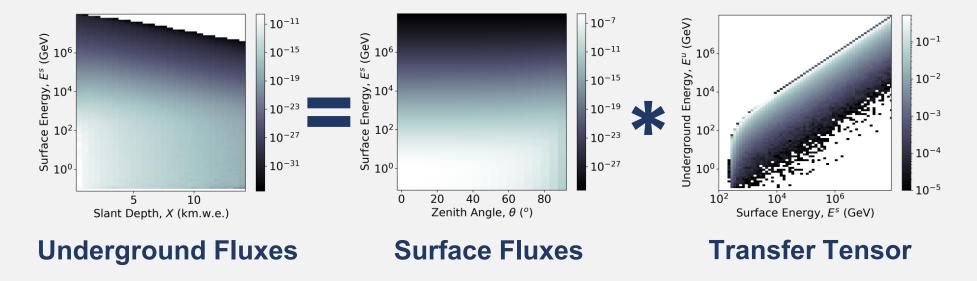
- Underground and underwater muons are crucial in data analyses in neutrino telescopes and in the design of Dark Matter detectors.
- However, flux uncertainties have not been studied in high detail.
- MUTE (MUon inTensity codE) is a new computational tool written in Python that calculates atmospheric muon fluxes underground.
- It uses MCEq to calculate surface fluxes and PROPOSAL to simulate muon propagation through rock and water.





- MCEq returns a surface flux matrix, and PROPOSAL returns a surface-tounderground transfer tensor.
- Underground fluxes are calculated by the following convolution:

$$\Phi^{u}(E_{j}^{u}, X_{k}, \theta_{k}) = \sum_{i} \Phi^{s}(E_{i}^{s}, \theta_{k}) P(E_{i}^{s}, E_{j}^{u}, X_{k}) \left(\frac{\Delta E_{i}^{s}}{\Delta E_{j}^{u}}\right)$$



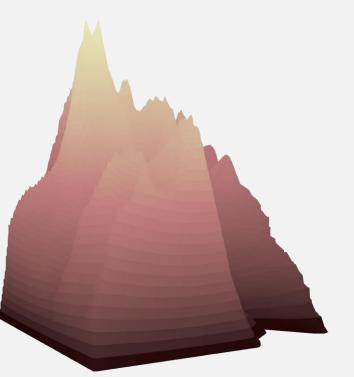
#### **METHOD**

• The underground intensity is calculated by:

$$I^{u}(X,\theta) = \int_{E_{th}}^{\infty} \Phi^{u}(E^{u}, X, \theta) dE^{u}$$

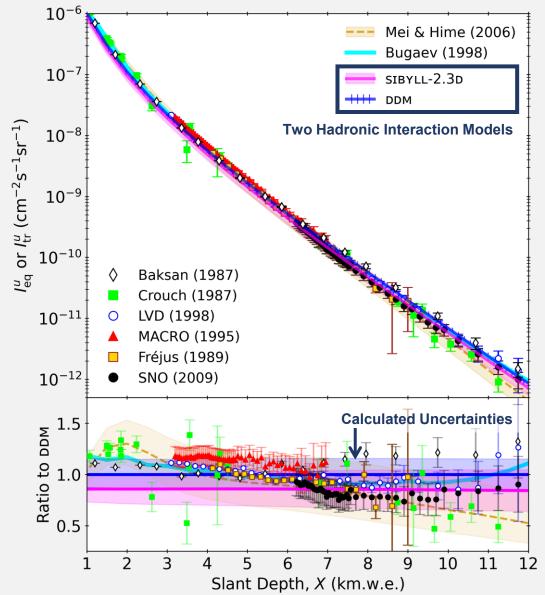
- MUTE can calculate intensities for both flat and non-flat overburdens.
- For labs under mountains, a grid of intensity values is calculated, and is then interpolated to the mountain profile read in from a geometry file.

$$\Phi_{\rm tot}^u = \iint_{\Omega} I^u(X(\theta,\phi),\theta) \,\mathrm{d}\Omega$$



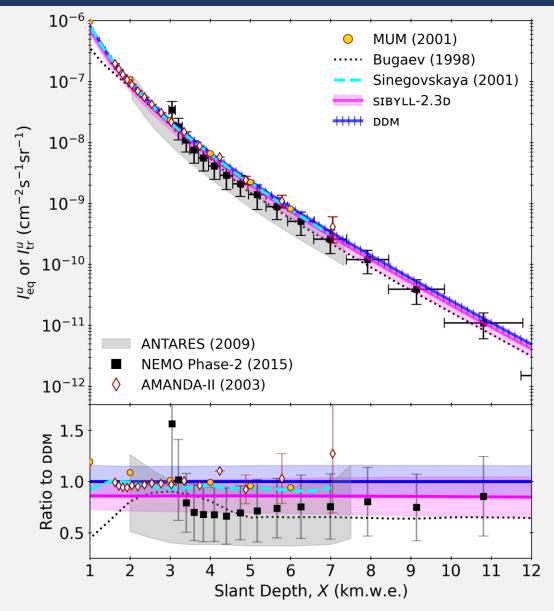
### RESULTS

- MUTE gives excellent agreement with vertical underground intensity data over the entire depth range.
- For both rock and water, DDM is better at describing lower slant depths, and SIBYLL-2.3D is better at higher slant depths, as expected.
- Calculated uncertainties on models are smaller than those on data, suggesting neutrino flux uncertainties could be significantly reduced from 40% to ~10%.



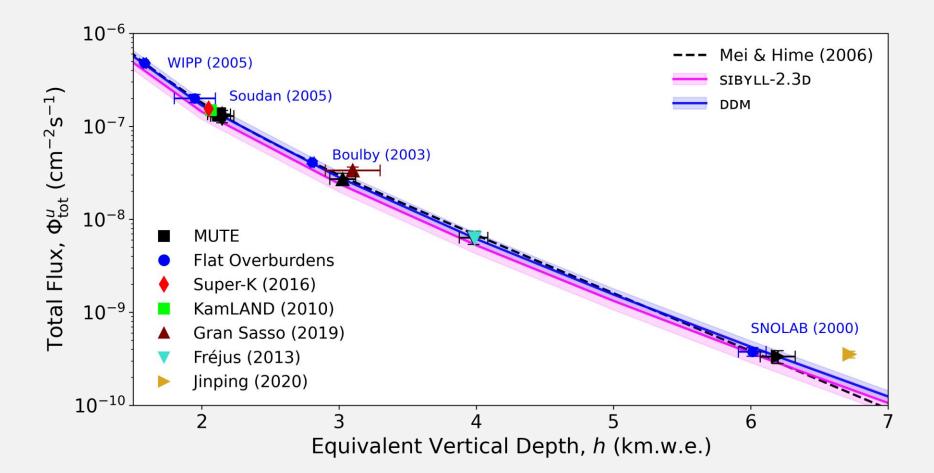
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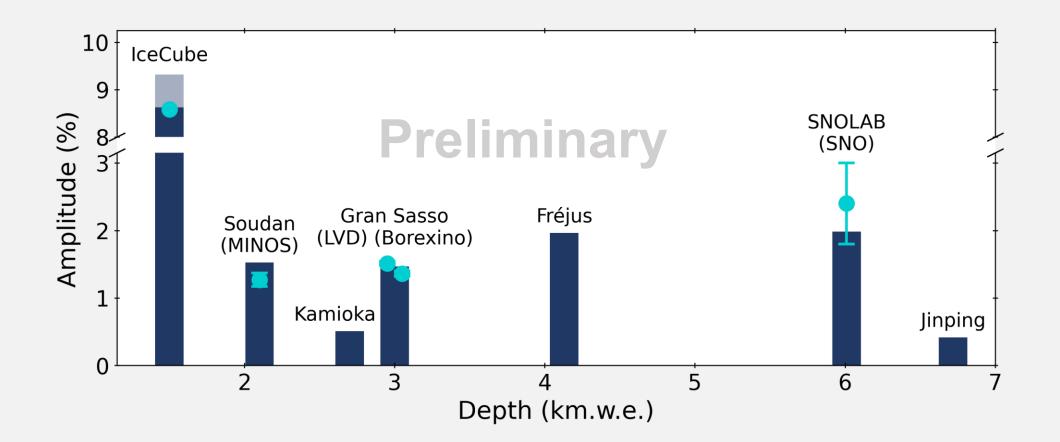
## NEW DEVELOPMENTS

• Total flux calculations are consistent with measurements for flat overburdens and under mountains within theoretical errors.



## **NEW DEVELOPMENTS**

 Seasonal variations in the underground muon flux can also be calculated to high precision.



#### CONCLUSION

- MUTE can calculate **forward predictions** for underground muon fluxes and intensities to very high precision.
- Uncertainties on data are smaller than those on theory.
- New constraints on CR fluxes and hadronic models can be obtained by leveraging measurements of the vertical and total fluxes from underground and underwater facilities.
- MUTE can be installed via pip (pip install mute). Full installation instructions are given on the GitHub page: <a href="https://github.com/wjwoodley/mute">https://github.com/wjwoodley/mute</a>.